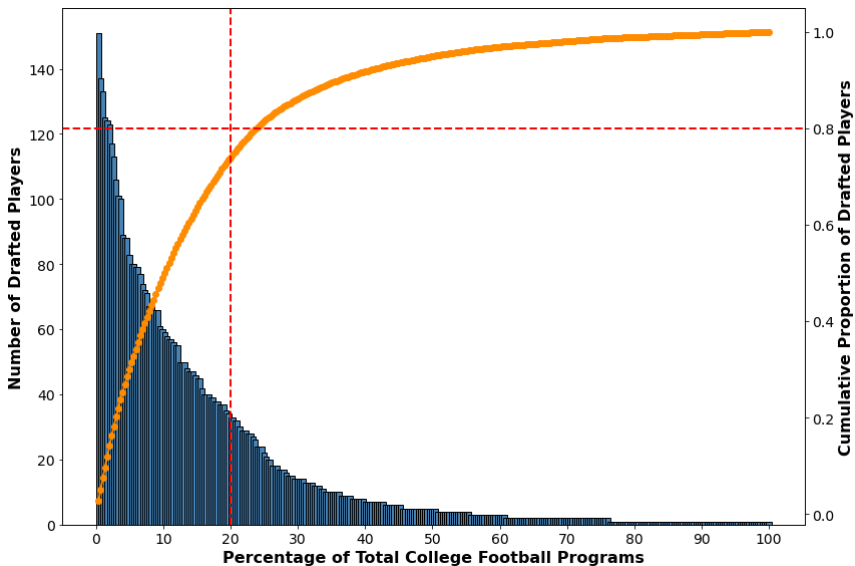


# The Returns to Elite College Athletic Programs

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University of Houston

April, 2024



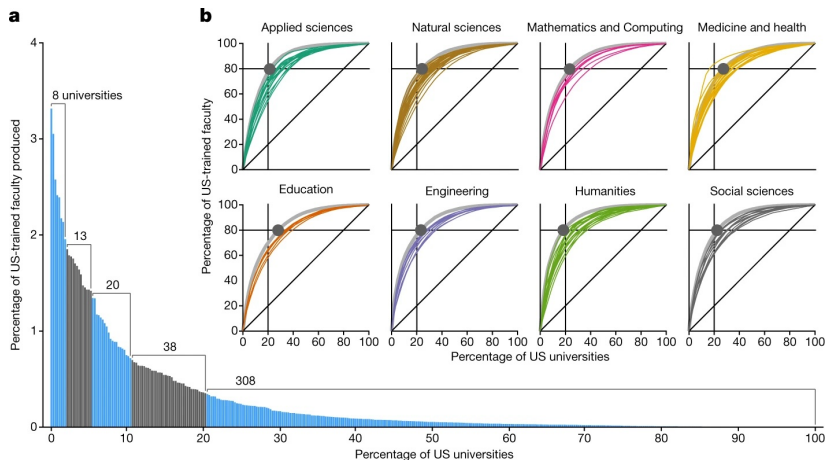


Figure: Wapman, K.H., Zhang, S., Clauset, A. et al. Quantifying hierarchy and dynamics in US faculty hiring and retention. *Nature*, 120–127 (2022).

**What are the returns to participation in elite college sports programs?**

**Measure impact of elite sports programs on career trajectory of highly recruited student athletes**

**Summary:**

- Assemble a large panel data set following student athletes from high school, college, and professional careers
- Exploit variation in offersets to apply a matching empirical strategy addressing selection
- Provide selection corrected estimates of private returns to education

- Limited Consensus on Economic Returns to Elite Programs:
  - ▶ Dale and Kruger (2002): Returns indistinguishable from zero, measured by earnings 20 years after graduation (self-reported earnings) (QJE)
  - ▶ Dale and Kruger (2011): Returns indistinguishable from zero, earnings measured with tax records 5 - 30 years after graduation (JHR)
  - ▶ Chen, Grove, & Hussey (2012): Reported substantial returns to selective MBA programs, measured by self-reported hourly earnings 1-7 years after graduation (Economic Letters)
  - ▶ Ge et. al, (2020): Controlling for selection eliminates the positive relationship between college selectivity and earnings for men but not for women.
  - ▶ Mountjoy & Hickman (2021): "A fleeting selectivity earnings premium fades to zero after a few years in the labor market."
  - ▶ Chetty, Deming, & Friedman (2023): "Attending an Ivy-Plus college instead of the average selective public institution increases chances of reaching top 1% of earnings distribution by 60%"

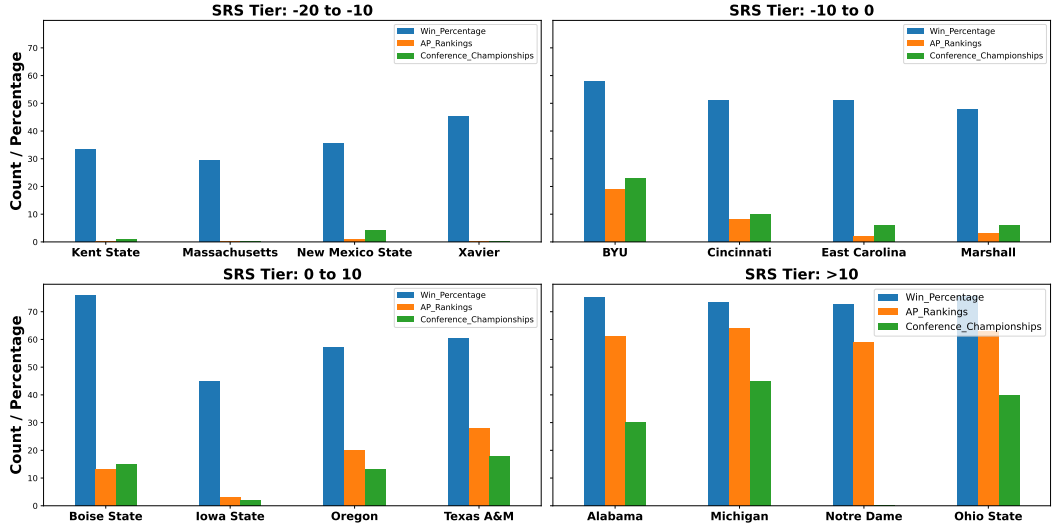
College Team Quality: Simple Rating System (SRS) Massey (1997)

Average Margin of Victory  $\times$  Strength of Schedule

$$Ax = b$$

- $x$  - Simple Rating System measure
- $b$ : Average margin of victory: (Points scored) - (points allowed)
- $A$  - Strength of Schedule (SOS)
  - ▶ SOS:  $\frac{2 \times (\text{OpponWin}\%) + 1 \times (\text{Oppo.oppo.win}\%)}{3}$
- Reported by NCAA, & every major sports analytics website
- Generalizes to many sports / teams
- Variations used to seed bowl games & March madness tournament

## College Football Programs by SRS Tier








Largest sports network in US (ESPN) created national ranking HS players in 2006

Recruiting Database









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 RECOMMEND 0

 TWEET 0

 2023 ESPN 300

2023 ▾

RK	PLAYER	POS	HOMETOWN	HT	WT	STARS	GRADE	SCHOOL
1	<b>Malachi Nelson</b> Video   Scouts Report 	QB-PP	Los Alamitos, CA Los Alamitos High School	6'3"	185	★★★★★	93	 <b>USC</b> COMMITTED 11/30/2021
2	<b>Arch Manning</b> Video   Scouts Report 	QB-PP	New Orleans, LA Isidore Newman School	6'3"	204	★★★★★	93	 <b>TEXAS</b> COMMITTED 06/23/2022
3	<b>Dante Moore</b> Video   Scouts Report 	QB-PP	Detroit, MI Martin Luther King High School	6'3"	200	★★★★★	93	 <b>OREGON</b> COMMITTED 07/08/2022
4	<b>Cormani McClain</b> Video   Scouts Report 	CB	Lakeland, FL Lakeland High School	6'2"	165	★★★★★	92	 <b>MIAMI</b> COMMITTED 10/27/2022

**High School Career: ESPN.com**

- $\approx$  25,000 high school football athletes ranked top 1% of graduating class by ESPN professional scouts
- Observe every scholarship offer extended and where athlete plays college football

**Collegiate Career**

- Sports-reference.com
  - ▶ Player & Team performance measures
  - ▶ NFL Combine & NFL Draft Outcomes
  - ▶ College Program Quality Measures
- Equity in Athletics Disclosure Act (EADA) 2000 - 2021
  - ▶ College Program Quality Measures
  - ▶ College Program Athletic Department Financial Data
- Massey Sports Rankings: MasseyRatings.com
  - ▶ College Program Quality Measures

**Professional Career: Spotrac.com**

- Salary contract info each year professional career
- Professional player & Team performance
- Team performance measures

**Naive Returns Model:** coefficient of interest  $\beta_1$ , returns to participation

$$y_{ij} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Q_j + \beta_2' X_{1i} + \beta_3' X_{2i} + \epsilon_{ij} \quad (1)$$

- Individual  $i$ , College Team  $j$
- $y_{ij}$ : Labor market outcomes: job placement (drafted), rank/round of being drafted, career length
- $Q_j$ : College Sports Program Quality: Program (SRS)
- $X_{1i}$ : Athlete Observable Characteristics, (height, weight), analyst score/rankings, position
- $X_{2i}$ : **Unobservable athlete characteristics: team work, coachability, git**
- $\epsilon_{ij}$ : Error Term

### Matched Applicant Model: Dale & Krueger (2002)

$$y_{ijg} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Q_j + \beta_2' X_{1i} + \sum_1^m \gamma_g \text{Group}_{ig} + \epsilon_{ijg} \quad (2)$$

- Individual  $i$ , College Team  $j$ , Matching Group  $g$
- $y_{ijg}$ : Labor market outcomes: job placement (drafted), rank/round of being drafted, career length
- $Q_j$ : College Sports Program Quality (Simple Rating System)
- $X_{1i}$ : Athlete Observable Characteristics, (height, weight), analyst score/rankings, state, position
- $\text{Group}_{ig}$ : Match offer-set group indicator variables
- $\epsilon_{ijg}$ : Error Term

### Self-Revelation Model: Dale & Krueger (2002)

$$y_{ijg} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 Q_j + \beta_2' X_{1i} + \beta_3' X_{2ijg} + \epsilon_{ijg} \quad (3)$$

- Individual  $i$ , College Team  $j$ , Scholarship Offer set  $g$
- $y_{ijg}$ : Labor market outcomes: job placement (drafted), rank/round of being drafted, career length
- $Q_j$ : College Sports Program Quality (Simple Rating System)
- $X_{1i}$ : Athlete Observable Characteristics, (height, weight), analyst score/rankings, state, position
- $X_{2ijg}$ : **Average Quality of Offer-set & Total Number Scholarship Offers**
- $\epsilon_{ij}$ : Error Term

**Identifying Assumption: Athletes enrollment decision random conditional on offerset**

Name	Offers	Offerset Valuation
Brock Purdy	Alabama, Iowa State, Kansas, Boise State, UC Davis, UCF, UNLV, N. Arizona	0.569
Bryce Young	Alabama, Arizona St, Utah, Georgia, Hawaii, San Jose St, UAB, USC, ...	0.581



## Bryce Young

**PANTHERS, QB**

Age: **22-219d**

Exp: **Years**

Drafted: **Round 1 (#1 overall), 2023**

College: **Alabama**

Agent(s): **Edward Berry, Jimmy Sexton, Patrick Collins (CAA Sports)**

College: **Alabama**

1<sup>st</sup> Year Earnings: \$25,353,688



## Brock Purdy

**49ERS, QB**

Age: **24-65d**

Exp: **Years**

Drafted: **Round 7 (#262 overall), 2022**

College: **Iowa State**

Agent(s): **Kyle Strongin**

College: **Iowa State**

1<sup>st</sup> Year Earnings: \$1,030,346

## Draft Selection Outcome - Matched Applicant Models

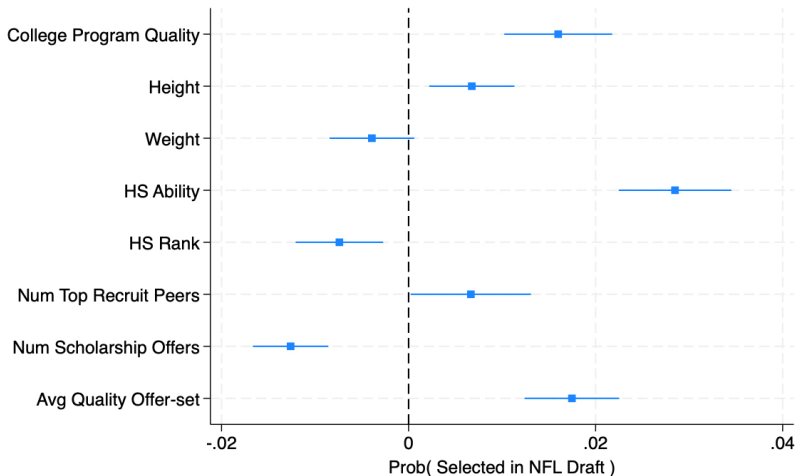
	(1) Basic Model	(2) Matched Applicant 1	(3) Matched Applicant 2	(4) Self-Revelation Model
College Quality (SRS)	0.043*** (0.00)	0.018*** (0.00)	0.016*** (0.00)	0.018*** (0.00)
Athlete Controls		✓	✓	✓
Scholarship Offer-set Controls				✓
Mean Drafted	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
$R^2$	0.027	0.051	0.100	0.045
N	20,298	20,331	20,289	20,298
# Groups	-	32	1,011	-

Standard errors in parentheses

\*  $p < 0.10$ , \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$



## Coefficient Estimates from Table Col (4)



	(1) Draft Pick	(2) Draft Round	(3) 1st Year Earnings
College Quality (SRS)	-6.846*** (3.31)	-0.176*** (0.09)	119,417 (150,693)
Athlete Controls	✓	✓	✓
Scholarship Offer-set Controls	✓	✓	✓
Mean Outcome	125	4.11	3.09 (Millions)
$R^2$	0.104	0.016	0.083
N	1,488	1,488	1,550

Standard errors in parentheses

\*  $p < 0.10$ , \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$

## Returns Conditional on Drafted in NFL

### Measures of Career Length

- Games played
- Games Started
- Number years in the league

### Measures of Career Earnings

- Annual Earnings
- Total Career Earnings
- 1st Year Earnings

### Measures of Career Productivity

- Approximate Value
- Career Productivity
- 1st Year Productivity

## Employment Share

$$\text{Employment Share} = \frac{\text{Number of Employed Players}}{\text{Total Number of Players}}$$

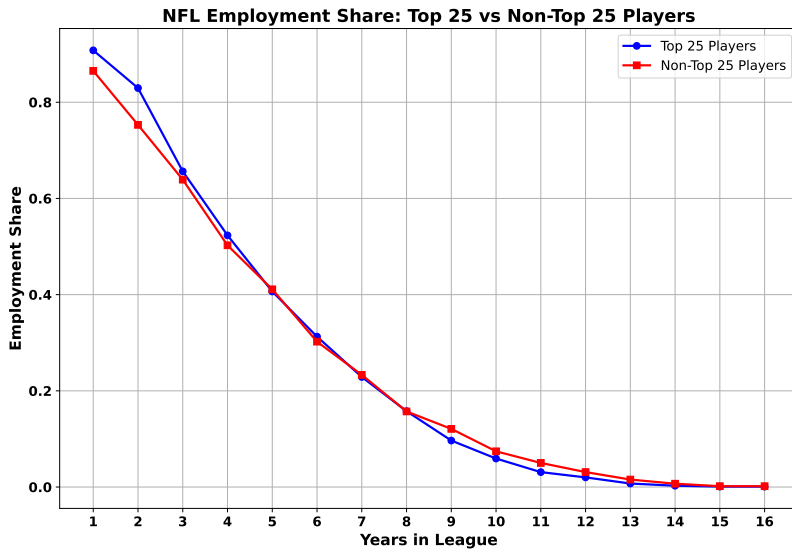
$$\text{Employment Share}_{\text{group}}(t) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N \text{Employment Status}_{i,t}}{N}$$

## Earnings

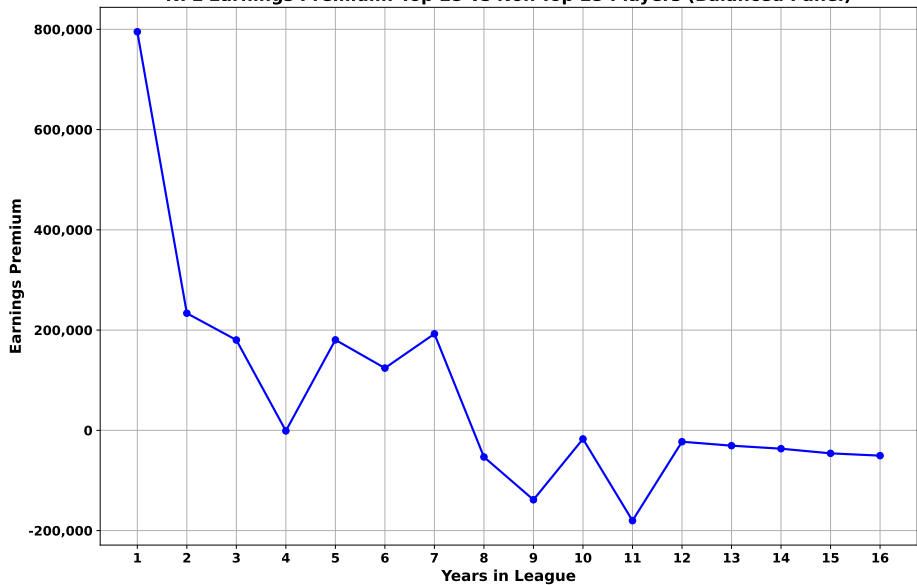
$$g \in \{\text{Top 25}, \text{Non-Top 25}\}$$

$$\text{Average Earnings}_g(t) = \frac{1}{N_g} \sum_{i=1}^{N_g} \text{Earnings}_{i,t}$$

$$\text{Earnings Premium}(t) = \text{Average Earnings}_{\text{Top 25}}(t) - \text{Average Earnings}_{\text{Non-Top 25}}(t)$$



NFL Earnings Premium: Top 25 vs Non-Top 25 Players (Balanced Panel)

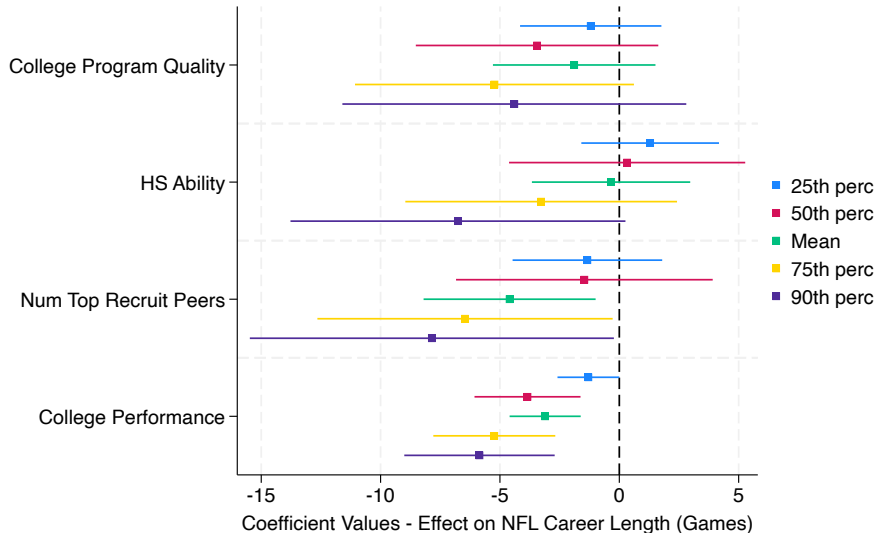


	(1) NFL Games	(2) Seasons as Starter	(3) Years in League
College Quality (SRS)	-0.838 (1.72)	0.108 (0.11)	-0.122 (0.12)
Athlete Controls	✓	✓	✓
Scholarship Offer-set Controls	✓	✓	✓
Mean Outcome	48.87	1.76	3.35
$R^2$	0.007	0.005	0.0045
N	1,389	1,389	1,389

Standard errors in parentheses

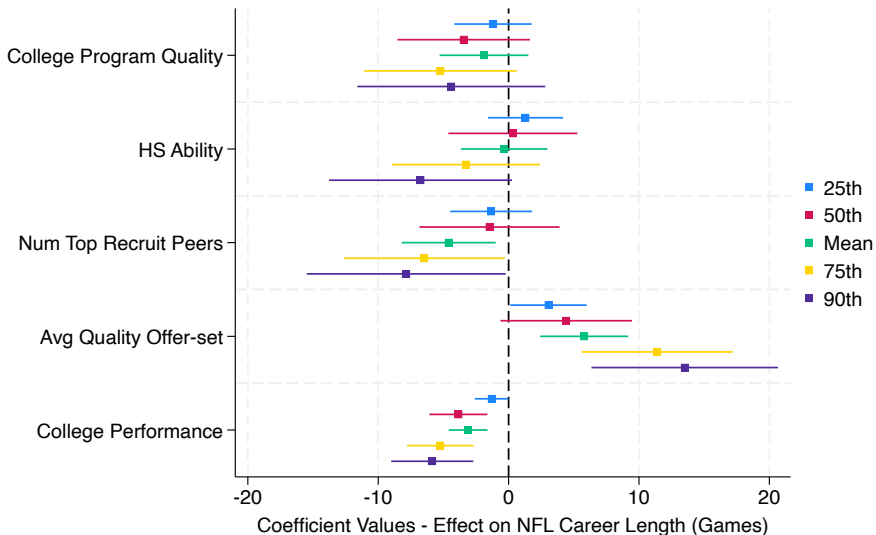
\*  $p < 0.10$ , \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$

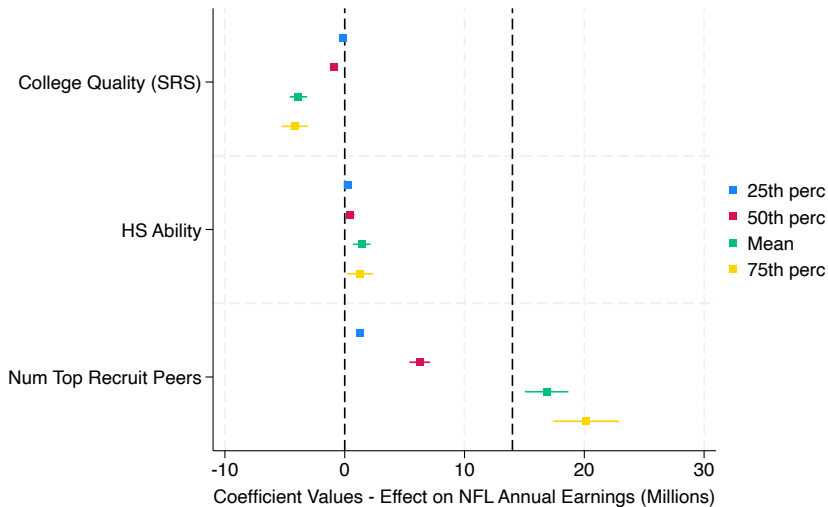
## Career Length - Quantile Regression

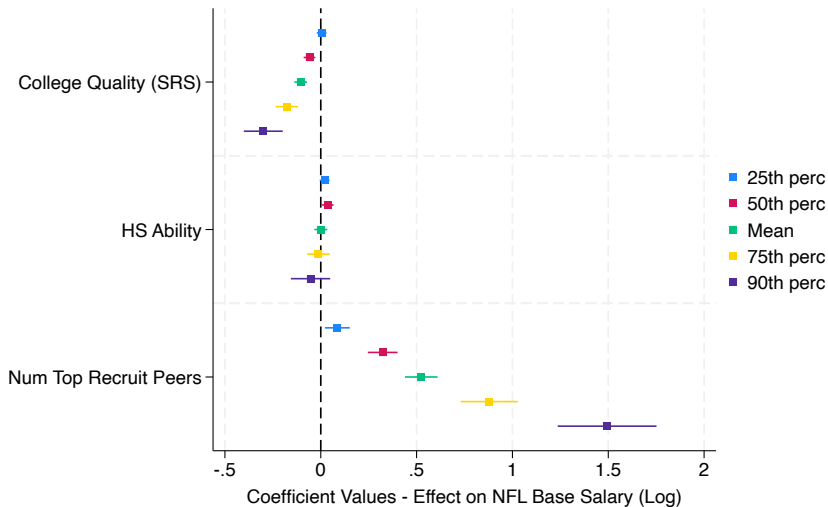


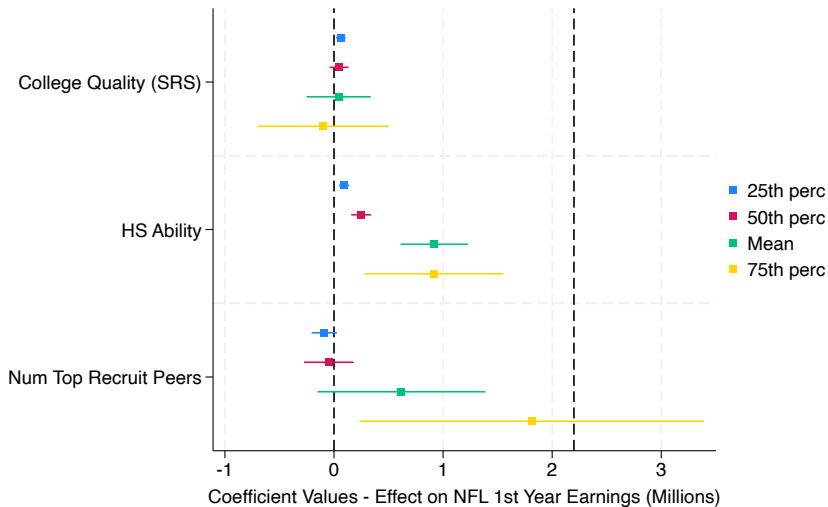


## Career Length - Quantile Regression





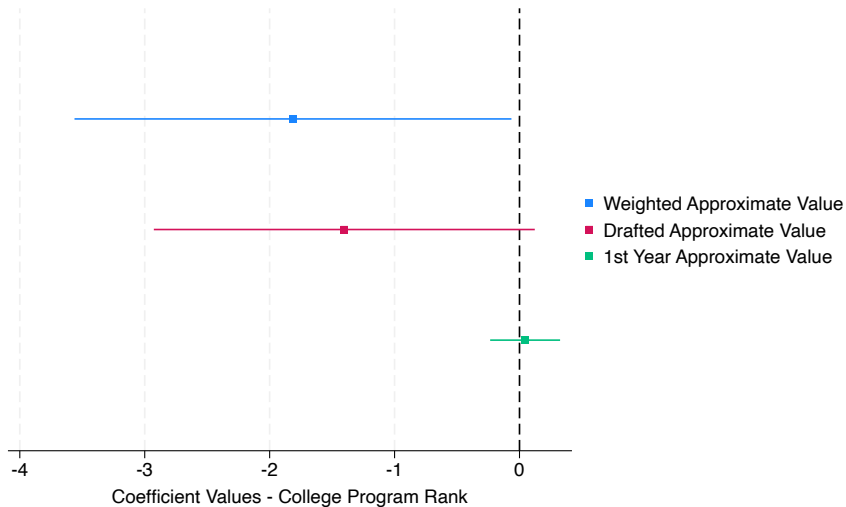


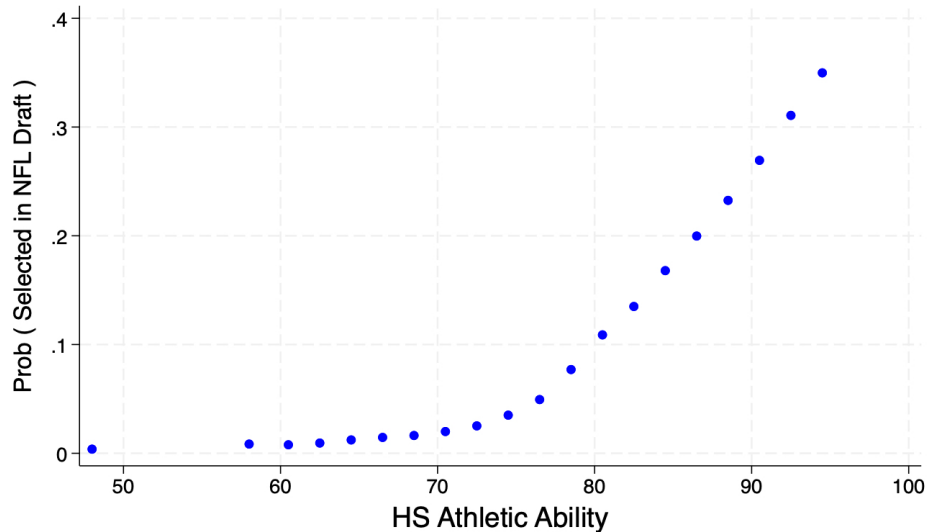


	(1) Weighted AV	(2) Drafted AV	(3) 1st Year AV
College Quality (SRS)	-1.61 (0.90)	-1.28 (0.79)	0.03 (0.14)
Athlete Controls	✓	✓	✓
Scholarship Offer-set Controls	✓	✓	✓
Mean Outcome	16.08	12.99	3.02
Std Outcome	18.06	15.75	2.87
$R^2$	0.043	0.034	0.023
N	1,217	1,217	1,217

Standard errors in parentheses

\*  $p < 0.10$ , \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$





- Majority of benefit of elite schools is better job placement
- College Program Rank, HS Ability, & College Performance limited impact as on professional athlete outcomes
- Peer effects & Offerset evaluation impact career length & earnings
- Results consistent with Hendericks et. al (2003), Kitchens (2014)

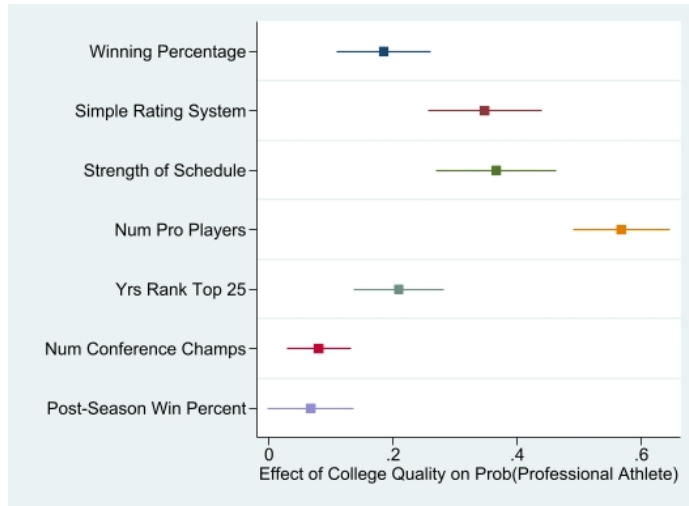


Thank You!

	(1) Self Revelation	(2) Match Model 1	(3) Match Model 2	(4) Match Model 3	(5) Match Model 4	(6) Match Model 5
College Quality (SRS)	0.018*** (0.00)	0.018*** (0.00)	0.017*** (0.00)	0.016*** (0.00)	0.018*** (0.00)	0.014*** (0.00)
Athlete Controls	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Scholarship Offer-set Controls	✓					
$R^2$	0.045	0.051	0.092	0.100	0.183	0.194
N	20,298	20,331	20,256	20,289	18,589	16,075
Groups	-	32	908	1,011	4,127	6,575

Standard errors in parentheses

\*  $p < 0.10$ , \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$



	(1) NFL Draft Pick Number (1-250)	(2) NFL Draft Pick Number (1-250)	(3) NFL Draft Pick Number (1-250)
College Team Quality	-104.61*** (19.27)	-66.48*** (20.84)	-61.33*** (22.01)
HS Recruit Grade		-2.55*** (0.63)	-2.34*** (0.64)
HS Recruit Ranking		-0.06 (0.11)	-0.09 (0.11)
Number Scholarship Offers			-0.33** (0.16)
Player Controls (Height, Weight, Position)	✓	✓	✓
Scholarship Offer Set			✓
Observations	1,927	1,927	1,910
R-Squared	0.03	0.05	0.05

	(1) NFL Draft Round (1-7)	(2) NFL Draft Round (1-7)	(3) NFL Draft Round (1-7)
College Team Quality	-2.84*** (0.52)	-1.79*** (0.57)	-1.67*** (0.60)
HS Recruit Grade		-0.07*** (0.02)	-0.07*** (0.02)
HS Recruit Ranking		-0.00 (0.00)	-0.00 (0.00)
Number Scholarship Offers			-0.01* (0.00)
Player Controls (Height, Weight, Position)	✓	✓	✓
Scholarship Offer Set			✓
Observations	1,927	1,927	1,910
R-Squared	0.04	0.05	0.06

	(1) NFL Career Games	(2) NFL Career Games	(3) NFL Career Games
College Team Quality	-15.94 (10.81)	-19.14 (11.68)	-25.36** (12.30)
HS Recruit Grade		-0.90** (0.35)	-0.74** (0.36)
HS Recruit Ranking		-0.17*** (0.06)	-0.13** (0.06)
Number Scholarship Offers			-0.31*** (0.09)
Player Controls (Height, Weight, Position)	✓	✓	✓
Scholarship Offer Set			✓
Observations	1,782	1,782	1,767
R-Squared	0.02	0.03	0.04